

### **Screening Programmes**

**Quality Assurance (London)** 



# Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Screening SQAS (London) Network Day

**27 November 2015** 

Jan Yates
Regional Head of QA,SQAS(London)

Public Health England is responsible for the NHS Screening Programmes

# Housekeeping

- Fire exits no drills planned
- Mobile phones etc. silent
- Wifi: hesura
- Toilets
- Breaks at 11.30, 1pm
- Close 4pm
- Active, learning style
- Hopefully fun!

# **AAA Network Day**

### **Aim**

To improve quality through the achievement of national pathway standards across all London AAA Screening Programmes

### **Objectives**

- To support London programmes in the delivery of safe and effective screening to their populations
- To provide a forum for disseminating knowledge and sharing good practice on relevant topics

### **Programme Highlights**

- National and regional overview of AAA Screening successes and challenges
- Define national training requirements for AAA personnel
- Focus on key roles and responsibilities within AAA screening teams
- Establish vigorous and standardised reporting for London AAA screening

## **Icebreaker**

- Month of birth
- One hobby or pastime
- Your role in the AAA programme

# **NHS AAA Screening Programme**

AAA screening is making a difference to the health of men in England and London

It is estimated that

4 out of 5 men

with a ruptured AAA will die before getting to hospital or fail to survive emergency surgery



NHS AAA Screening
Programme should

reduce ruptured AAA mortality by up to 50%

through early detection, appropriate monitoring and treatment



# **National AAA Screening Programmes**

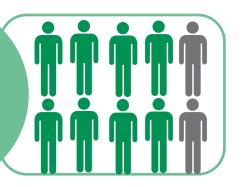
Total	41	Cohort men 2014/15
London	5	34,633
North	8	85,205
South	11	79,688
Midlands and East	17	94,723



# **AAA National and Regional- similarities**

Uptake about 8 in 10 men who

receive a letter attend

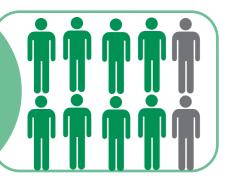


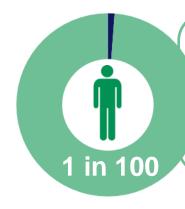
Timely Referrals 97%

% of subjects with AAA ≥5.5cm referred within one working day

Self
Referrals
1 in 10
screened

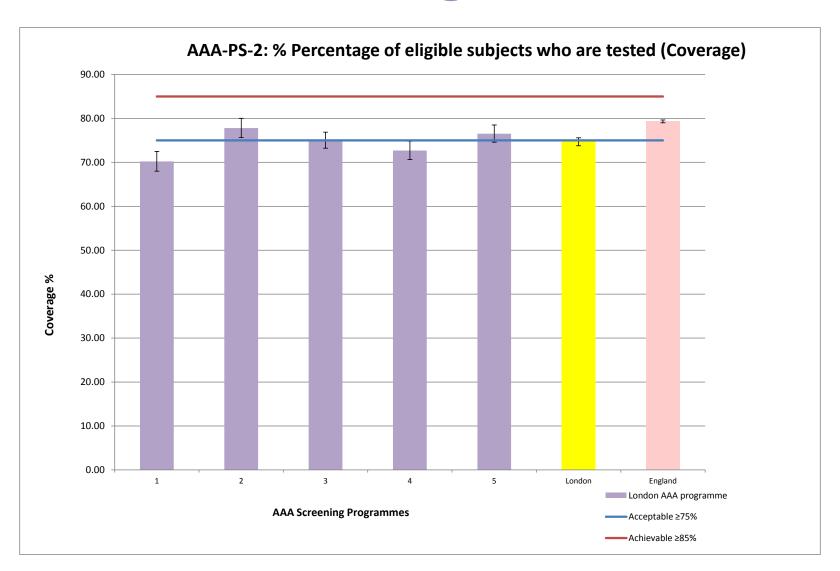
men made 1st contact





Men screened
with an outcome
of an aneurysm
≥3cm
detected

# **AAA National and Regional-variations**



# **AAA National and Regional-variations**

% of men eligible for abdominal aortic aneurysm screening who had an initial offer of screening in London by area (2013/14)

London achieved better proportions than England in inviting men for screening however, there are areas in London where more men did not benefit from a screening offer compared with the rest of the region

Area	Count	Value	L	95% ower CI	95% Upper CI
England	294,972	95.9		95.9	96.0
London region	33,081	99.6		99.5	99.7
City of London	39	100	H	91.0	100
Ealing	1,416	100		99.7	100
Harrow	1,138	100		99.7	100
Lewisham	901	100		99.6	100
Sutton	905	100		99.6	100
Croydon	1,734	99.9		99.7	100
Brent	1,223	99.9		99.5	100
Hillingdon	1,194	99.9		99.5	100
Bexley	1,174	99.9		99.5	100
Merton	928	99.9		99.4	100
Southwark	907	99.9		99.4	100
Westminster	898	99.9		99.4	100
Bromley	1,745	99.9		99.6	100
Wandsworth	978	99.8		99.3	99.9
Greenwich	968	99.8		99.3	99.9
Kingston upon Thames	782	99.7		99.1	99.9
Hounslow	1,075	99.7		99.2	99.9
Enfield	1,360	99.7		99.2	99.9
Hammersmith and Fulham	649	99.7		98.9	99.9
Redbridge	1,272	99.7		99.2	99.5
Richmond upon Thames	935	99.7		99.1	99.9
Barnet	1,624	99.5		99.0	99.8
Lambeth	975	99.5		98.8	99.8
Newham	898	99.4		98.7	99.8
Barking and Dagenham	643	99.4		98.4	99.8
Havering	1,384	99.2		98.6	99.6
Haringey	880	99.2	1	98.4	99.6
Kensington and Chelsea	724	99.0	1	98.0	99.5
Camden	827	99.0		98.1	99.5
Hackney	734	98.8	-	97.7	99.4
Tower Hamlets	560	98.8		97.5	99.4
Waltham Forest	914	98.5		97.5	99.
Islington	697	97.8	, and the second	96.4	98.6

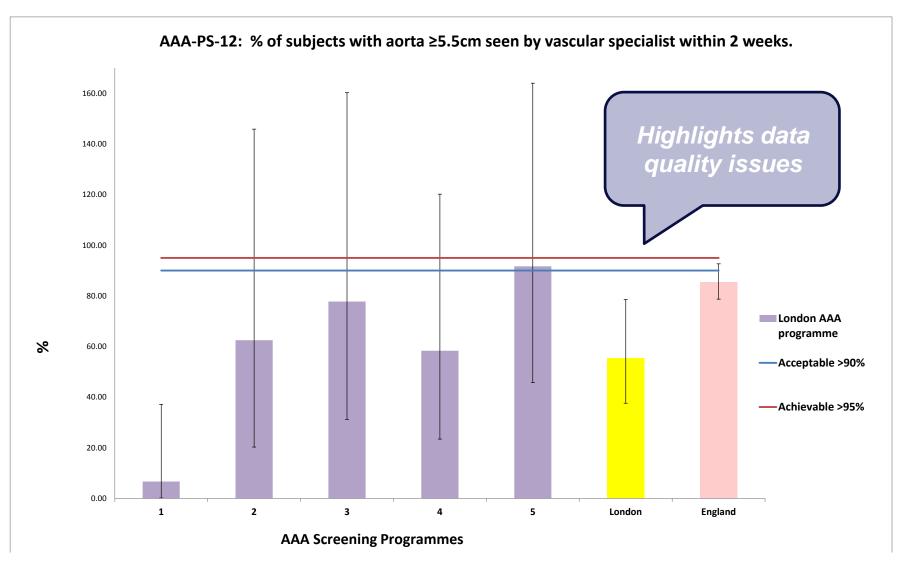
Compared to England



**Compared to London** 



# **AAA National and Regional-variations**



# AAA - The Journey So Far

#### 2009

National implementation of abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) screening (6 areas)

#### 2013-2015

Full service roll-out and established national policies and quality standards

### **On-going**

# Developments and improvements

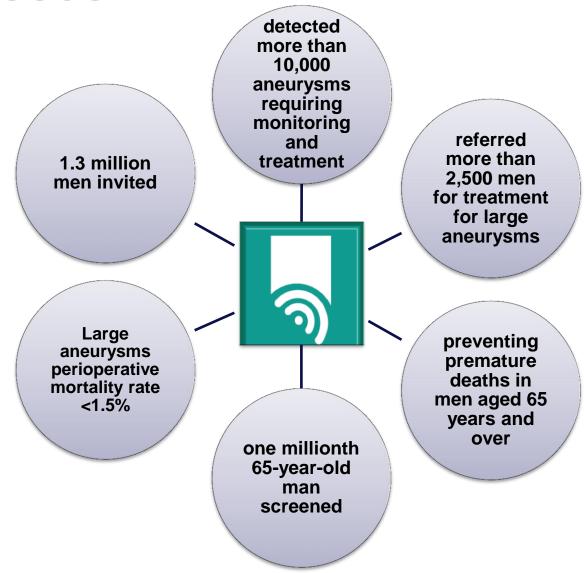
- -Utilise local, regional intelligence to review screening pathway standards
- -Start of the process of developing new NICE guidelines on diagnosis and management of AAAs

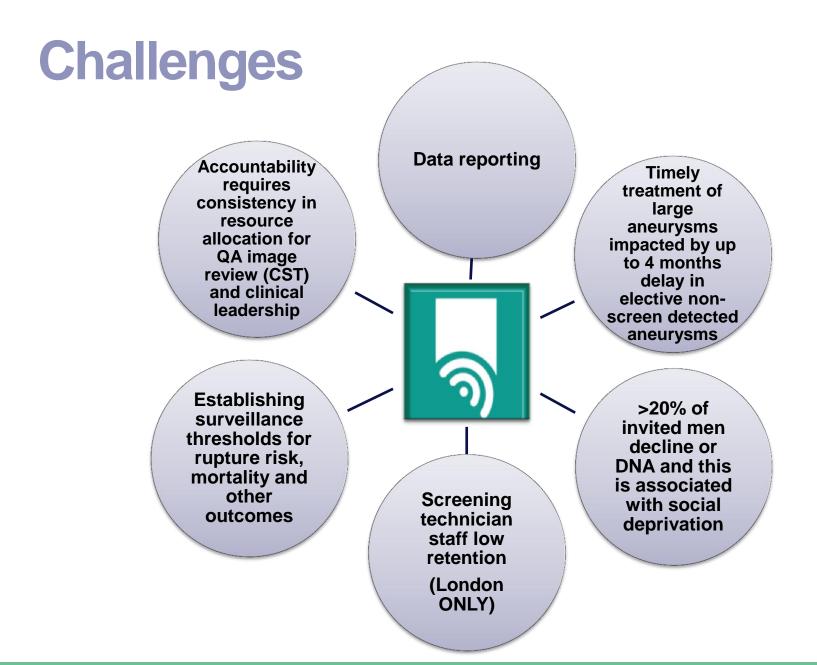
### **Development of QA**

Prioritisation process, Selfassessment, Desk top review of selfassessment and evidence, External quality assurance review. QA Visit pilots roll-out

2014-2015

## Successes





# **Timely Treatment of Large Aneurysms**

### Taking into account patient choice

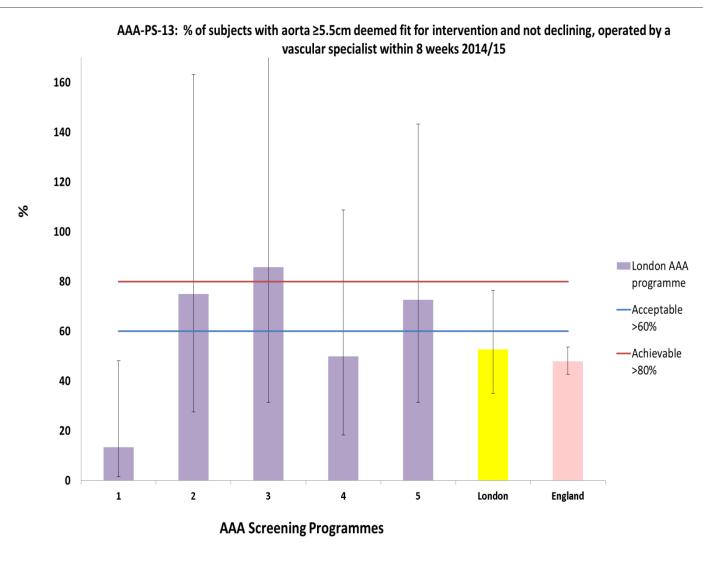
20 programmes (49%)
reached the acceptable
threshold and of those,
5 programmes (12%)
reached the achievable
threshold

# Taking into account both patient choice and patient comorbidity

34 programmes (83%)
reached the acceptable
threshold and of those
15 (37%) reached the
achievable threshold

# Taking into account patient choice and comorbidities

7 programmes (17%)
 have yet to meet the
 acceptable threshold- 2
 of these are in London



# **AAA** Current and Future work

### **Data reporting**

- ☐ KPIs
- 2015/16 AA1: Completeness of Offer
- 2016/17-3 new KPIs
- Guidance on reporting death
- Regional work on identifying and improving on data quality

### Communication

- Regional familiarisation visits
- National Helpdesk

All external queries – effective from 1 April 2015;

PHE.screeninghelpdesk @nhs.net

- Regional feedback on enquiries
- Executive summaries of QA visit reports will be published on the GOV.UK website

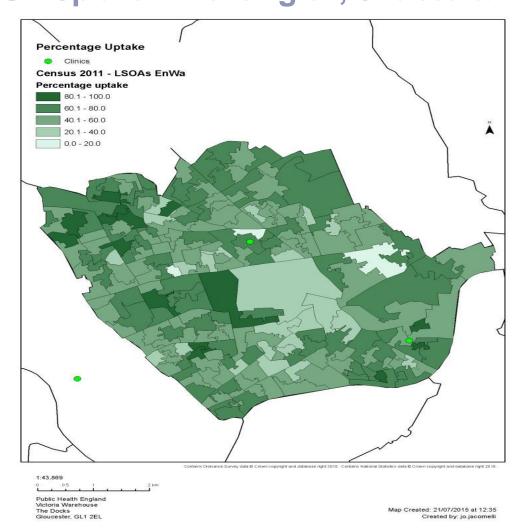
### Quality Improvements

- Standard letters
- Improving Nurse specialist role
- Reducing treatment delays
- National study to ascertain whether our threshold for referring men for surgery is at the right level
- Incident reporting
- QA visits Phase One and PACA training
- Screener training and retention
- CST role
- Reducing inequalities

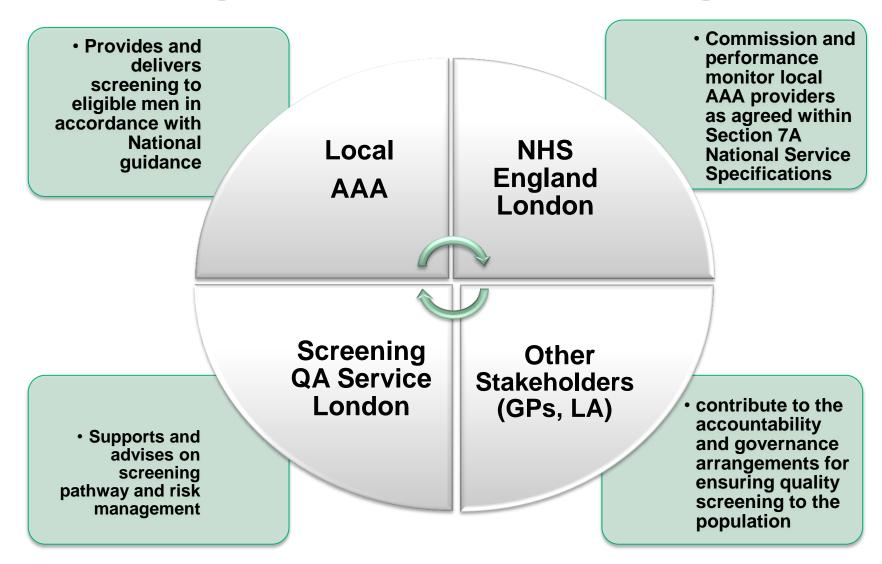
# Improving Access and Reducing Inequalities - Uptake in Kensington, Chelsea & Westminster

Variations in uptake of AAA screening in the KCW region

(3 clinic locations indicated)



# **AAA Regional Matrix Working**



# Screening QA Service (London)

Screening Quality
Assurance Service
provides a <u>SUPPORT</u>
And an <u>ADVISORY</u>
function to local
screening providers
and commissioners
of AAA, DESP,
ANNB, Cervical,
Bowel and Breast
screening programmes

AAA

SQAS(London)

Jan Yates

Regional Head of QA

Modupe Omonijo

Senior QA Advisor

Paola Beresh

**QA Advisor** 

Gauri Raje

QA Facilitator

Tom Duggan

**QA Officer** 

# Purpose of Quality Assurance

To help ensure that local screening services are safe and effective

### **Quality Assurance (QA):**

- » Checks that national programme standards are met
- » Encourages continuous improvement
- » Delivered through a programme of QA activities

A systematic programme of activities to monitor performance against pre-set quality standards and support improvement

A Bowling (2002) Research Methods in Health: Investigating Health and Health Services

# Screening QA Service Operating Model

### **Quality monitoring**

 Triangulation of information – data analysis including data quality, soft intelligence through programme boards and incidents

### Supporting providers and commissioners by

- Systematic risk assessment to prioritise and tailor support to meet individual service needs
- Network meetings and quality improvement projects to facilitate improvements across regions

### **Expert advice**

- Quality criteria for re-commissioning screening services or for new programmes
- Assessment and management of screening incidents
- Monitoring trends, sharing lessons identified, guidance development and implementation (national and regional role)

### **External quality review**

- QA visits and securing peer advice
- Organising training for clinical and professional advisors

# **Screening Quality Assurance Service**





A **critical friend** can be defined as a trusted person who asks provocative questions, provides data to be examined through another lens, and offers critiques of a person's work as a friend. A critical friend takes the time to fully understand the context of the work presented and the outcomes that the person or group is working toward. The friend is an advocate for the success of that work

Costa, A. and Kallick, B.(1993) "Through the Lens of a Critical Friend". *Educational Leadership* 51(2) 49-51

# Monitoring Quality Screening Programmes

### Internal:

- » Monitoring of programme specific: KPIs and national quality standards
- » Demonstrating compliance against national standards(or action plans to meet them)
- » To implement continuous improvement strategies
- » Reporting and responding to incidents and ensuring lessons learned
- » Programme specific failsafe points along pathway
- » Service specifications

### **External:**

» Formal QA visit – review of pathway standard achievement

# **KPIs and Pathway Standards**

### KPIs introduced 2010/2011 to

- Drive up quality of services acceptable and achievable standards of performance
- Highlight some measurable national standards for particular focus
- Raise the profile of screening programmes
- KPIs give a high level overview of the quality of screening programmes at key points on the screening pathway

KPIs contribute to the quality assurance of screening programmes but are not, in themselves, sufficient to quality assure or performance manage screening services

# Monitoring AAA Programme Specific: KPIs and national quality standards (pathway standards)

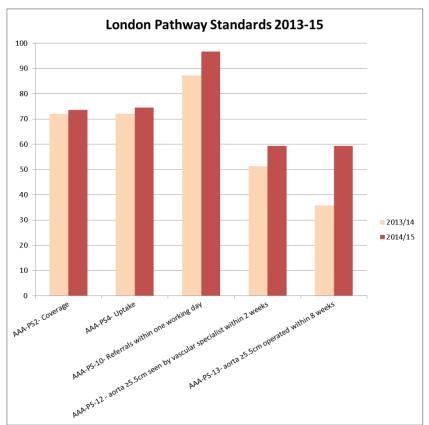
### 20 Pathway Standards (PS) and SOPs for validation

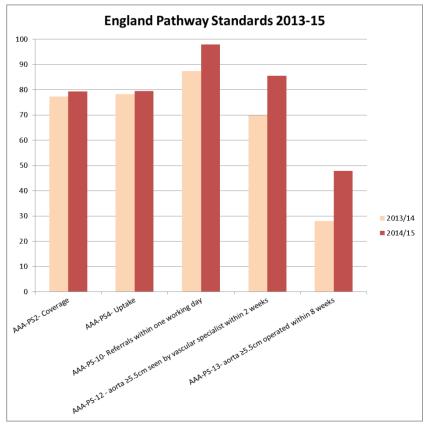
- Period Quarterly and Annually
- Comparisons Trends
- Standard definitions

### **Challenges**

- Data quality
- Standards evolving and makes familiarisation difficult
- Cross-referencing of standards to validation guidance
- Cumulative data collection results in an inability to undertake periodic trend analysis
- Time required for validation processes and improving input from QA and commissioners
- Terminology used in standards- consistency and clarity
- Consistency in reporting filters used in SMART and backend processes for data extraction

# **London Pathway Standards 2013-2015**





Nationally published data used in external reports, press releases and available in public domain

- Annual data tables <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/aaa-screening-supporting-documents#data-and-research">https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/aaa-screening-supporting-documents#data-and-research</a>
- Key performance indicators: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/nhs-screening-programmes-national-data-reporting">https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/nhs-screening-programmes-national-data-reporting</a>

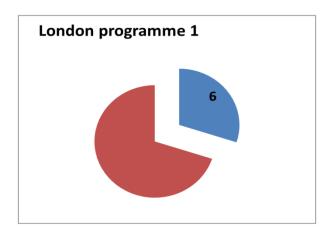
# **London Pathways Standards 2014/15**

Standards by The	me					
Coverage/Uptake	Test	Minimising harm	Diagnosis	Intervention/ treatment	Commissioning and governance	Outcome
AAA-PS-1	AAA-PS-5	AAA-PS-9	AAA-PS-11	AAA-PS-12	AAA-PS-14	AAA-PS- 15
AAA-PS-2	AAA-PS-6	AAA-PS-10		AAA-PS-13		AAA-PS- 19
AAA-PS-3	AAA-PS-7			AAA-PS-17		AAA-PS- 20
AAA-PS-4	AAA-PS-8			AAA-PS-18		
	AAA-PS-16					

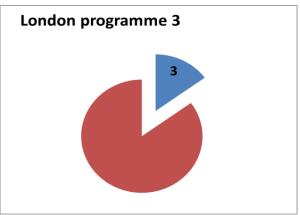
Pathways standards meet acceptable or achievable	
thresholds for <a>S</a> London programmes	1,2,3,4, 9, 10,15
Pathways standards do not meet acceptable	
thresholds and are below the regional average for	
≥2 SPs	2, 4,11, 12, 13, 17
Standards cannot be measured on SMaRT	7, 8, 14, 18, 19,20

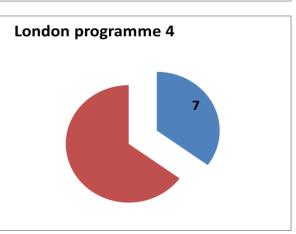
# **London Pathways Standards 2014/15**

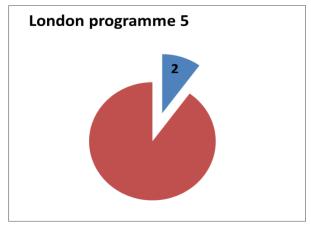
Number of Pathway Standards (PS) where a London programme did not meet either the acceptable threshold or regional average



London programme 2







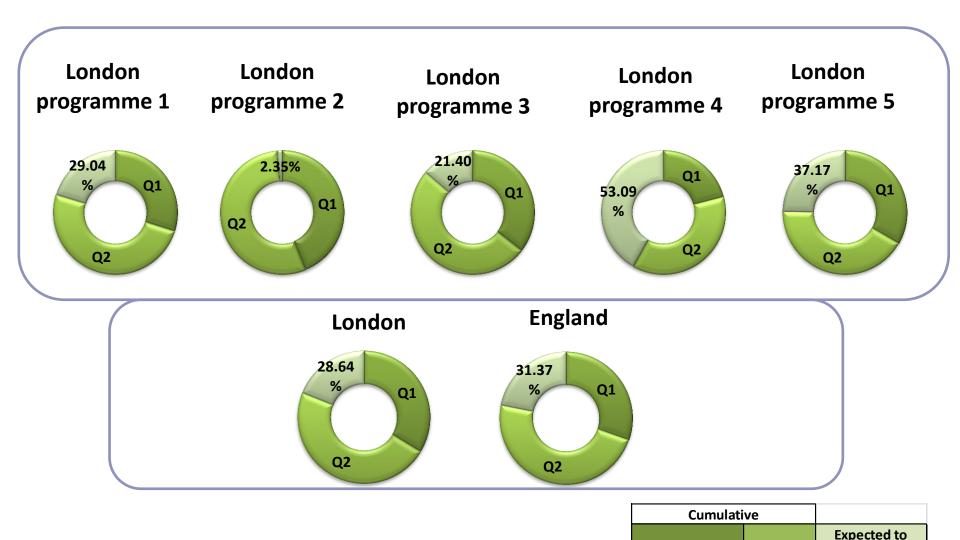
6 out of the 20 pathway standards cannot be measured on SMART

London Pathways Standards 2013-15 and Quarter Data 2015-16

Quarterly progress monitoring to support adequate capacity and contingency planning

PS1- Offer	Acceptable ≥	90.00%			
	Achievable ≥	99.00%	Cumulati	ve 🗸	
					Expected to
London AAA programme	2013/14	2014/15	Q1	Q2	complete year
London programme 1	99.70	<b>4</b> 99.56	42.60%	70.96%	29.04%
London programme 2	99.77	<b>4</b> 99.74	78.12%	97.65%	2.35%
London programme 3	100.00	<b>4</b> 99.99	55.19%	78.60%	21.40%
London programme 4	99.97	<b>.</b> 99.94	26.54%	46.91%	53.09%
London programme 5	99.99	<b>1</b> 100.00	49.99%	62.83%	37.17%
London	99.89	<b>4</b> 99.85	50.85%	71.36%	28.64%
England	98.83	<b>1</b> 99.84	43.55%	68.63%	31.37%

# AAA- PS1- Progress on Invitations Q1-Q2 15/16

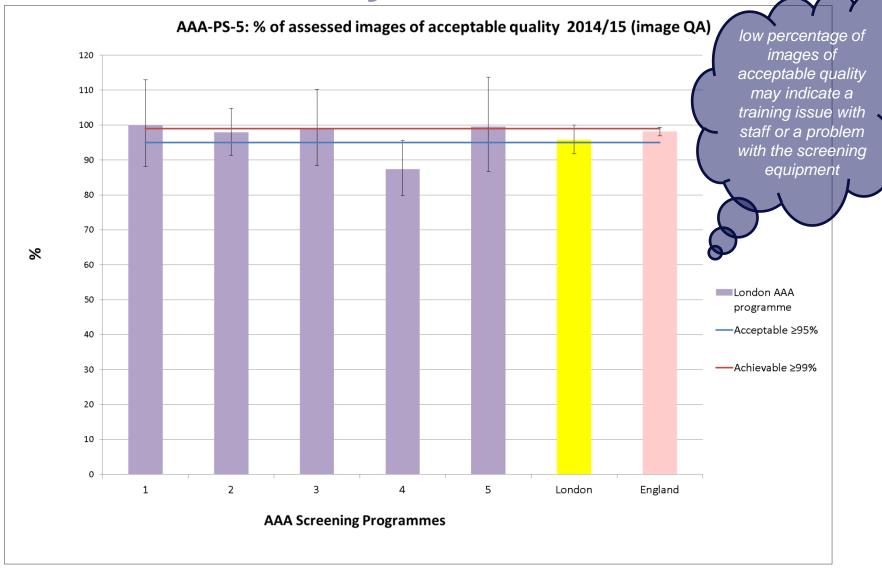


complete year

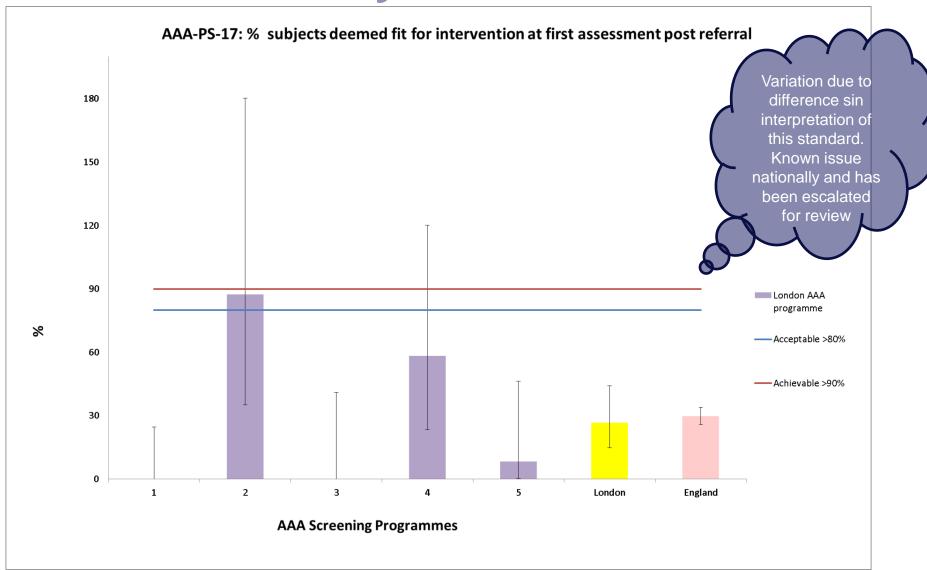
Q1

Q2

**London Pathways Standards 2014/15** 



# **London Pathways Standards 2014/15**



# **Guidance on Reporting**

Pathway standards: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/aaa-screening-quality-standards-and-service-objectives">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/aaa-screening-quality-standards-and-service-objectives</a>

Reporting process: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/young-person-and-adult-screening-submit-key-performance-indicator-data">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/young-person-and-adult-screening-submit-key-performance-indicator-data</a>

Validating quarterly and annual reports: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/aaa-screening-validate-annual-pathway-standards">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/aaa-screening-validate-annual-pathway-standards</a>

Available in the report section of SMaRT

- Quarterly pathway standards report (second Tuesday after end of quarter)
- Annual pathway standards report (July for preceding screening year)
- Clinic and appointments report (14th of each month)
- Screener tests (annual & monthly; 14<sup>th</sup> of each month)
- Tracker (quarterly, 6 weeks in arrears)

NHS England has introduced standardised reporting at programme board and the next session will focus on reviewing the template and discussing consistency in utilisation

# In addition....Reporting Mortality

AAA-PS-19	30 day mortality following elective AAA surgery
AAA-PS-20	1 year mortality following elective AAA surgery

- Currently under-reported in London
- **Guidance:** <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/aaa-screening-protocol-for-reporting-deaths">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/aaa-screening-protocol-for-reporting-deaths</a> (follow algorithm)
- Categories
  - Deaths during screening (men on surveillance)
  - Deaths following referral
  - Deaths following treatment
  - Deaths following a decision not to operate
  - Deaths in patients screened negative

# London AAA SP Quality Management Strategy

(QMS)

Leadership

- accountability across the screening pathwaykey personnel
- programme boards- purpose, frequency and quoracy

# **QMS**

"Doing the right things right"

A Raffle and M Gray (2007) Screening Evidence and Practice Processes and Protocols

- regular audits- DNA, mortality, staff training
- reporting incidents, failsafe

Stakeholder engagement

- · improving patient experience
- establishing cross professional liaison- GP, vascular teams, local authority public health
- Purpose: to drive up quality through ensuring a systematic way of achieving desired goals and to ensure that programmes consistently deliver exactly what is expected
- Next steps: SQAS to collate feedback from today and co-productively agree a London Quality Management Systems for AAA screening programmes